

# State wise General GK

## Round Up

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**Andhra Pradesh**

|   |   |
|---|---|
| <b>Capital</b>                              | <b>Hyderabad</b>  |
| <b>Chief Minister</b>                       | <b>Chandrababu Naidu</b>  |
| <b>Governor</b>                             | <b>ESL Narasimhan</b>   |
| <b>National Park</b>                        | <b>Kasu Brahmanada Reddy National Park<br/>Mahavir Harina Vanasthali National Park<br/>Mrugavani National Park<br/>Sri Vekateswara National Park</b>  |
| <b>Tiger Reserve</b>                        | <b>Namdapha<br/>Nagarjunsagar-Srisailam</b>   |
| <b>Bird Sanctuary</b>                       | <b>Kaundinya bird sanctuary<br/>Nelapattu bird sanctuary</b>  |
| <b>Famous research Institute</b>            | <b>Centre for molecular &amp; cellular biology<br/>National geophysics research institute<br/>National institute of nutrition</b>   |
| <b>Nuclear and space research institute</b> | <b>Electronic corporations of india<br/>Nuclear fuel complex</b>  |
| <b>Dams and Rivers</b>                      | <b>Nizam Sagar Dam, Manjira River<br/>Somasila Dam, Pennar River<br/>Prakasam Barrage, Krishna River<br/>Dindi Reservoir, Krishna River<br/>Tatipudi Reservoir, Gosthani River<br/>Srisailam Dam, Krishna River<br/>Gandipalem Reservoir, Manneru River<br/>Ramagundam Dam, Godavari<br/>Dummaguden Dam, Godavari<br/>Himayat Sagar Reservoir, River Musi<br/>Shriram Sagar Reservoir, Godavari River</b> |
| <b>Population(census 2011)</b>              | <b>84,580,777(increased by 10.98%)</b>  |
| <b>Area(square km)</b>                      | <b>275,045</b>  |
| <b>Density (census 2011)</b>                | <b>308</b>  |
| <b>Sex Ratio(census 2011)</b>               | <b>993</b>  |
| <b>Literacy(census 2011)</b>                | <b>67.02%</b>   |
| <b>Folk Dances</b>                          | <b>VeethiNatakam, Burrakatha, Lambadi, Koya</b>   |
| <b>Classical dances</b>                     | <b>Kuchipudi</b>  |
| <b>Major Ports</b>                          | <b>Vishakapatnam</b>  |
| <b>International Airport</b>                | <b>Begumpet Airpport, Hyderabad</b>   |
| <b>Soils</b>                                | <b>Black soil<br/>Laterite soil</b>   |

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|--------------------------------------|---|
| <b>Major Mineral Resources</b>       | Lead – Zinc<br>Gold(in Anantpur district)<br>Mica |
| <b>Major Iron &amp; Steel Plants</b> | Vizag Steel Plant                                 |

**Arunachal Pradesh**

|                                       |   |
|---------------------------------------|---|
| <b>Capital</b>                        | Itanagar  |
| <b>Chief Minister</b>                 | Pema Khandu                                     |
| <b>Governor</b>                       | Tathagata Roy                                   |
| <b>National Park</b>                  | Namdapha National Park                          |
| <b>Tiger Reserve</b>                  | Namdapha  |
| <b>Bird Sanctuary</b>                 | Eaglenest Wildlife Sanctuary                    |
| <b>Famous research Institute</b>      | National Research Centre on Yak, West Kameng    |
| <b>Folk dances</b>                    | BardoChham of Sherdukpens                       |
| <b>Population(census 2011)</b>        | 1,383,727(increased by 26.03%)                  |
| <b>Area(square km by census 2011)</b> | 83743   |
| <b>Density(census 2011)</b>           | 17  |
| <b>Sex Ratio</b>                      | 938   |
| <b>Literacy</b>                       | 65.38%  |
| <b>Important Festivals</b>            | Lossor, Boori-Boot, Solung, Loku, Dree Festival |

**Assam**

|   |   |
|---|---|
| <b>Capital</b>                            | Dispur  |
| <b>Chief Minister</b>                     | Sarbananda Sonowal  |
| <b>Governor</b>                           | Padmanabha BalakrishnaAcharya   |
| <b>National Park</b>                      | Dibru – Saikhowa National Park<br>Kaziranga National Park<br>Manas National Park<br>Nameri National Park<br>Orang National Park |
| <b>Tiger Reserve</b>                      | Manas<br>Nameri<br>Kaziranga<br>Orang   |
| <b>Unesco World Heritage Site</b>         | Kaziranga Wildlife Sanctuary<br>Manas Wildlife Sanctuary  |
| <b>Important dance-classical and folk</b> | Bihu, KhelGopal, Rash lila, TabalChongli,   |
| <b>Population(census 2011)</b>            | 31, 205,576(increased by 17.07%)  |

|                                 |   |
|---------------------------------|---|
| Area (square km by census 2011) | 78438   |
| Density                         | 398   |
| Sex – Ratio                     | 958   |
| Literacy                        | 72.19   |
| Hydropower plant                | Subansiri Lower dam(on the borders of Arunachal Pradesh and Assam)  |
| Festivals                       | Bihu, Bwisagu, Bushu(harvest festival of Dimasa people)   |
| Important Stadiums              | Dr. Bhupen Hazarika Cricket Stadium-Cricket, Indira Gandhi Athletic Stadium-Athletics /Football, Jawaharlal Nehru Stadium-Sports Complex, Satindra Mohan Dev Stadium-Football |
| Important Festivals             | Bihu Festival, Ambubashi Festival, Ras Lila in Majuli, Dehing Patkai Festival   |

**Bihar**

|                                |   |
|--------------------------------|---|
| Capital                        | Patna   |
| Chief Minister                 | Nitish Kumar  |
| Governor                       | Ram Nath Kovind   |
| National Park & Bird Sanctuary | Valmiki National Park<br>Kanwar Lake bird Sanctuary<br>Vikramshila Gangetic Dolphin Sanctuary   |
| Tiger Reserves                 | Valmiki   |
| Unesco World heritage site     | Mahabodhi Temple Complex at Bodh Gaya   |
| Power stations                 | Barauni Thermal power station (Begusarai district, Bihar)<br>Kanti Thermal Power station (kanti, Muzaffarpur)<br>NTPC Kahalgaon Super Thermal Power Station(Kahalgaon,Bhagalpur, Bihar)<br>NTPC Barh Super Thermal Power Station(Barh near Patna, bihar)<br>KoshiHydel Power Station(Bihar)<br>Nuclear power plant at Rajauli (Proposed)<br>Karbighahia Thermal power station (proposal of First ever energy park in Bihar) |
| Dams                           | Indrapuri Barrage (across Son river In Rohtas district in bihar)  |
| Folk Dances                    | Bidesia, Senkela Chhau, Jat – Jatni Bid- -papa, Ramkhehla   |
| Population(Census 2011)        | 104,099,452(increased by 25.42%)  |
| Area(sq km census 2011)        | 94,163  |
| Density                        | 1,106   |
| Sex – Ratio                    | 918   |
| Literacy                       | 61.80   |
| Soils                          | Alluvial soil   |
| Major Mineral Resources        | Mica  |
| Important Stadium              | Nalanda International Cricket Stadium<br>Patliputra Sports Complex<br>Moin-ul-Haq Stadium<br>Bejendra Stadium   |

| <b>Chhattisgarh</b>            |   |
|--------------------------------|---|
| <b>Capital</b>                 | Raipur  |
| <b>Chief Minister</b>          | Raman Singh   |
| <b>Governor</b>                | Balramji Das Tandon   |
| <b>National Park</b>           | Indravati National park<br>KangerGhati National Park(Kanger Valley) National Park   |
| <b>Tiger Reserve</b>           | Indravati<br>Udanti – Sitanadi<br>Achanakumar   |
| <b>Dams &amp; Rivers</b>       | Dudhawa Dam(Dhamatri district Mahanadi river)<br>Gangrel Dam also known as R.S. Sagar Dam(Mahanadi River)<br>HasdeoBango Dam(Hasdeo river)<br>MurrumSilli Dam(Sillari River a Tributary of Mahanadi River)<br>Tandula Dam(Mahanadi River)     |
| <b>Population(census 2011)</b> | 25,545,198(increased by 22.61%)   |
| <b>Area(sq km census 2011)</b> | 135,192   |
| <b>Density</b>                 | 189   |
| <b>Sex – Ratio</b>             | 991   |
| <b>Literacy</b>                | 70.28   |
| <b>Folk Dances</b>             | Panthi, Pandwani, RautNacha, Karma  |
| <b>Mineral resources</b>       | Bauxite Ore(Aluminium), Chromite, Dolomite, Limestone   |
| <b>Power plants</b>            | Topworth Steels & power ltd(600MW) (Raigarh district)<br>Thermal Power ltd(1320 MW) (LohakanRaigarh district)<br>Chhattisgarh pwer ltd(1320 MW) (Chandanagar, Surajpur district)<br>Bhilai Iron & Steel Centre(Durg District of Chhattisgarh) |
| <b>Important Festivals</b>     | Dusshera, Madai Festival, Bhagoriya Festival, Kajari Festival, Hariyali, Kora, Navakhani and Cherta Festivals.  |
| <b>Important Stadiums</b>      | Shaheed Veer Narayan Singh International Cricket Stadium, International Hockey Stadium.   |
| <b>GUJARAT</b>                 |   |
| <b>Capital</b>                 | Gandhinagar   |
| <b>Chief Minister</b>          | Anandiben Patel   |
| <b>Governor</b>                | Om Prakash Kohli  |
| <b>National Parks</b>          | Vansda National Park, Blackbuck National Park, Velavadar, Gir National Park, Gulf of Kachchh  |

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|---|--|
|   | Marine National Park.  |
| <b>Unesco World Heritage site</b>         | Champaner – Pavagadh Archaeology Park<br>Rani kivav  |
| <b>Bird Sanctuary</b>                     | Nal Sarovar Sanctuary  |
| <b>Nuclear and Space research centres</b> | Space application centre, Physical Research laboratory   |
| <b>Dams &amp; Rivers</b>                  | Sardar Sarovar Dam(Narmada River), Ukai Dam (Tapti river),<br>Dharoi Dam (Banas River),<br>Kadana Dam (Mahi River),<br>Dantiwada Dam (Sabarmati River)   |
| <b>Population(census 2011)</b>            | 60,439,692 (increased by 19.28%)   |
| <b>Area(sq km census 2011)</b>            | 196,244  |
| <b>Density</b>                            | 308  |
| <b>Sex ratio</b>                          | 919  |
| <b>Literacy</b>                           | 78.03  |
| <b>Folk dances</b>                        | Bhavigarba   |
| <b>Major Ports</b>                        | Kandla   |
| <b>International airport</b>              | Sardar Vallabhai Patel International Airport   |
| <b>Power plants</b>                       | Kakrapar atomic power station, Gandhinagar Thermal Power Plant, Jhanor – Gandhar TPS in Urjanagar, Kawas TPS, Ukai TPS, Wanakbori TPS in Wanakbori   |
| <b>Major Mineral Resources</b>            | Bauxite Ore (Aluminum), Lead – Zinc, Dolomite, Fluorspar, Gypsum, Limestone  |
| <b>Gujarat Solar Park</b>                 | Charanka Solar Park (The largest site within the Gujarat Solar Park is being built on a 2,000-hectare (4,900-acre) plot of land near Charanka village in Patan district, northern Gujarat. This hosts about 19 different projects by different developers. On 19 April 2012, a total of 214 megawatts (287,000 hp) had been commissioned.[44] It also became the world's second largest photovoltaic power station. When fully built out, the Charanka Solar Park will host 500 MW of solar power systems using state-of-the-art thin film technology ). |
| <b>Important Festivals</b>                | Kite Festival, Modhera Dance Festival, Kutch Mahotsava   |
| <b>Important Stadiums</b>                 | Sardar Patel Stadium-Cricket, Moti Bagh Stadium-Cricket, IPCL Sports Complex Ground-Cricket, Madhavrao Scindia Cricket Ground, Saurashtra Cricket Association Stadium.   |
| <b>HIMACHAL PRADESH</b>                   |  |
| <b>Capital</b>                            | Shimla   |

|                                   |   |
|-----------------------------------|---|
| <b>Chief Minister</b>             | Virbhadra Singh   |
| <b>Governor</b>                   | Acharya Dev Vrat  |
| <b>National Park</b>              | Great Himalayan National Park<br>Pin Valley National Park   |
| <b>Unesco World Heritage site</b> | Great Himalayan National Park   |
| <b>Famous Research institute</b>  | Mukteshwar  |
| <b>Dams &amp; Rivers</b>          | GobindSagar, Reservoir – Sutlej River<br>MaharanaPratapSagar Reservoir<br>Nathpa Dam – Sutlej River<br>BhakraNangal Dam – Sutlej River<br>Chamera Dam – Ravi River  |
| <b>Folk Dances</b>                | Kariyala, Bhagat, Raslhanld, Harnatra Haran or Harin  |
| <b>Festivals</b>                  | KulluDussehra, Shivratri Fair (Mandi), ShooliniMela (Solan), Minjar Fair (Chamba), Mani Mahesh ChhariYatra (Chamba), Renuka fair (Sirmaur), Lavi Trade Fair (Rampur),   |
| <b>Population Census 2011</b>     | 6,864,602(increased by 12.94%)  |
| <b>Area (sq km census 2011)</b>   | 55,673  |
| <b>Density</b>                    | 123   |
| <b>Sex ratio</b>                  | 972   |
| <b>Literacy</b>                   | 82.80%  |
| <b>Major Mineral resources</b>    | Traces of iron gold, lignite, pyrite, natural gas are found in some districts like Bilaspur, Kangra, Mandi  |
| <b>Hydropower projects</b>        | BindwaHidel project(16 Mw in baijnath in district kangra)<br>Bassi hydroelectric project(66 Mw in Mandisistrict)<br>Andhra Hydel project(commissioned during the year 1987-88 16.5 Mw in Shimla)<br>NathpaJhakri project(1500 Mw on Sutlej River – this project is foubded by World Bank)                                       |
| <b>Important Stadiums</b>         | Cricket Stadium – HPCA Cricket stadium, Dharmshala<br>Indhira Gandhi stadium, Una   |
| <b>Major Crops</b>                | The main cereals grown are wheat, maize, rice and barley. Apple is the principal cash crop of the state grown principally in the districts of Shimla, Kinnaur, Kullu, Mandi, Chamba and some parts of Sirmaur and Lahaul-Spiti with an average annual production of 5 lakh tonnes and per hectare production of 8 to 10 tonnes. |
| <b>JHARKHAND</b>                  |   |

|                                  |   |
|----------------------------------|---|
| <b>Capital</b>                   | Ranchi  |
| <b>Chief Minister</b>            | Raghubar das  |
| <b>Governor</b>                  | Droupati Murmu  |
| <b>National Park</b>             | Betla National Park<br>Dimna National Park<br>Hazaribag National Park   |
| <b>Tiger Reserves</b>            | Palamau   |
| <b>Dams &amp; Rivers</b>         | Maithon Dam – Baraka River<br>Chandil Dam – Subarnarekha River<br>Panchet Dam – Damodar River   |
| <b>Folk dances</b>               | Karma/Munda   |
| <b>Festivals</b>                 | Karma<br>Sohrai<br>Sarhul   |
| <b>Population census 2011</b>    | 32,988,134 (increased by 22.42%)  |
| <b>Area(sq km census 2011)</b>   | 79,716  |
| <b>Density census 2011</b>       | 414   |
| <b>Sex – Ratio census 2011</b>   | 948   |
| <b>Literacy census 2011</b>      | 66.41%  |
| <b>Soils</b>                     | Alluvial soil   |
| <b>Major mineral ores</b>        | Bauxite ore (aluminium)<br>Chromite<br>Copper (singhbhum district)<br>Iron ore<br>Mica  |
| <b>Important Stadiums</b>        | Birsa Munda Athletics Stadium<br>Capacity – 35,000 – Ranchi<br>JSCA International Cricket stadium<br>Capacity – 39,000 – Ranchi   |
| <b>Major Crops</b>               | There are three crop seasons namely Kharif, Rabi and Summer. Major Kharif crops are paddy, jowar, bajra and maize. Major Rabi crops are wheat, jowar, barley, gram, linseed, rapeseed and mustard. Rice and maize are grown in summer also. |
| <b>HARYANA</b>                   |   |
| <b>Capital</b>                   | Chandigarh  |
| <b>Chief Minister</b>            | ManoharLalKhattar   |
| <b>Governor</b>                  | Kaptan Singh Solanki  |
| <b>National Parks</b>            | Kalesar National park<br>Sultanpur National park  |
| <b>Bird Sanctuary</b>            | Sultanpur Bird Sanctuary  |
| <b>Famous Research institute</b> | Cattle Breeding institute(Hissar)<br>National Dairy Research institute(karnal)  |



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| <b>Population(census 2011)</b>  | 25,351,462(increased by 19.90%)  |
| <b>Area(sq km census 2011)</b>  | 44,212   |
| <b>Density(census 2011)</b>     | 573  |
| <b>Sex – Ratio(census 2011)</b> | 879  |
| <b>Literacy(census 2011)</b>    | 75.55%   |
| <b>Folk dances</b>              | Swang, Naqqal  |
| <b>Festivals</b>                | Lohri<br>Gangore<br>NirjalaAkadshi<br>Baisakhi<br>BasantPanchami<br>Guggapir   |
| <b>Soils</b>                    | Alluvial Soil<br>Saline & Alkaline   |
| <b>Important stadiums</b>       | Kharga Golf Club – Ambala district<br>Bhim Singh Stadium – Bhiwani district<br>Dronacharya Stadium – kurukshetra district<br>Shah SatnamJi Stadium – sirsa district<br>ChaudharyBansiLal Cricket Stadium - Rohtak  |
| <b>Important Crops</b>          | The main crops of Haryana are wheat, rice, sugarcane, cotton, oilseeds, gram, barley, corn, millet etc. There are two main types of crops in Haryana: Rabi and Kharif. The major Kharif crops of Haryana are rice, jowar, bajra, maize, cotton, jute, sugarcane, sesame and groundnut. |
| <b>KARNATAKA</b>                |  |
| <b>Capital</b>                  | Bengaluru  |
| <b>Chief Minister</b>           | Siddaramaiah   |
| <b>Governor</b>                 | Vajubhai Vala  |
| <b>National Park</b>            | Anshi National Park<br>Rajiv Gandhi National Park<br>Bandipur National Park<br>Bannerghatta National park<br>Kudremukh National park   |
| <b>Tiger Reserves</b>           | Bandipur National park<br>Bhadra<br>Nagarahole<br>Dandeli – Anshi<br>Bhiligiri Ranganatha Temple   |
| <b>Unesco World heritages</b>   | Groups of monuments at Hampi<br>Group of monuments at Pattadakal   |
| <b>Bird Sanctuaries</b>         | Ghatprabha bird sanctuary<br>Ranganthittu bird sanctuary   |

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| <b>Famous Research institute</b>     | Central Food technological Research, Mysore  |
| <b>Nuclear &amp; Space research</b>  | Space Commission – Bengaluru<br>Indian Space Research organization – Bengaluru   |
| <b>Tallest statue in india</b>       | Gomateswara(Karnataka)   |
| <b>Dams &amp; Rivers</b>             | Tungabhadra Dam – Tungabhadra & Krishna river<br>Linganamakki dam – Sharavathi River<br>Kadra dam – kalinadi River<br>Alamatti dam – Krishna River<br>Supa dam – kali river<br>Krishna Raja Sagara dam – Cauvery river<br>Harangi dam – Cauvery river<br>Ghataprabha reservoir – Ghataprabha river<br>Manchanabele dam<br>Narayanpur dam – Krishna River<br>Kodasalli dam – Kali river<br>Basava Sagara dam<br>Hemavathi reservoir |
| <b>Folk dances</b>                   | Yakshagana, Bedara Vasha, Dollu Kunita, Santa, Doddata – Bayalata, Tala Madlle or Prasang, Radhna  |
| <b>Festivals</b>                     | Ganesh Chaturthi, Yugadi, Karaga, Hampi Festival, Hoysala Mahotsava (Belur - Helebid), Tula Sankramana, Rajvotsava Day   |
| <b>International Airport</b>         | HAL airport  |
| <b>Population Census 2011</b>        | 61,095,297(increased by 15.60%)  |
| <b>Area sq km – census 2011</b>      | 191,791  |
| <b>Density</b>                       | 319  |
| <b>Sex - Ratio</b>                   | 973  |
| <b>Literacy</b>                      | 75.36%   |
| <b>Soils</b>                         | Laterite   |
| <b>Major mineral resources</b>       | Iron ore, Hutti gold field in Raichur district<br>Manganese, Dolomite, Limestone,  |
| <b>Major Iron &amp; Steel plants</b> | The Visveswaraya Iron & Steel ltd estd in 1923 in Shimoga District – Mysore iron & steel company(MISO)<br>Vijayanagar steel plant estd in 1971 in Bellary district and has the installed capacity 30 lakh tones  |
| <b>Important stadiums</b>            | M. Chinnaswamy Cricket Stadium in Bengaluru<br>Visveswaraya football Stadium, Mandya<br>Bangalore Football Stadium<br>Bangalore Hockey Stadium   |

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|  | SreeKanteerava football Stadium  |
| <b>Important Crops</b>                     | The main crops grown here are rice, ragi, jowar, maize, and pulses (Tur and gram) besides oilseeds and number of cash crops. Cashews, coconut, arecanut, cardamom, chillies, cotton, sugarcane and tobacco are among the other crops produced in the state.  |
| <b>Kerala</b>                              |  |
| <b>Capital</b>                             | Thiruvananthapuram   |
| <b>Chief Minister</b>                      | Sri. Pinarayi vijayan  |
| <b>Governor</b>                            | Justice(Retd) P Sathasivam   |
| <b>National Park</b>                       | Eravikulam National Park<br>Mathikettan Shola National Park<br>Periyar National Park   |
| <b>Tiger Reserves</b>                      | Periyar<br>Parambikulam  |
| <b>Bird Sanctuary</b>                      | Kumarakom Bird Sanctuary   |
| <b>Famous Research Institute</b>           | Central Coconut Research Institute   |
| <b>Nuclear &amp; Space Research Centre</b> | India Rare Earths Limited – Alwaye(Kerala)<br>National Centre for Earth Science Studies – Thiruvananthapuram<br>Thumba equatorial Launching Station – Thumba(Kerala)<br>Vikram Sarabhai Space Centre – Thiruvananthapuram  |
| <b>Dams &amp; River</b>                    | BanasuraSagar Dam – Chalakudy River<br>Malampuzha Dam – Malampuzha River<br>Peechi Dam – Manali River<br>Idukki Dam- Periyar River<br>Kundala Dam – Parambikulam River<br>Parambikulam Dam – Parambikulam River<br>Walayar Dam – Walayar River<br>Mullaperiyar Dam – Pennar River<br>Neyyar Dam – Pennar River |
| <b>Population census 2011</b>              | 33,406,061(4.91%)  |
| <b>Area(sq km census 2011)</b>             | 38,852   |
| <b>Density</b>                             | 860  |
| <b>Sex - Ratio</b>                         | 1084   |
| <b>Literacy</b>                            | 94.00%   |
| <b>Folk Dances</b>                         | Kodiyattam, Margam Kali,<br>MudiattamTherayattam,<br>ChavittuNadakam, Chakyarkoothu  |
| <b>Classical Dance</b>                     | Kathakali  |
| <b>Festivals</b>                           | Onam, Sabarimala Temple Festival –   |

|                                      |   |
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|                                      | Sabarimala(Ayyappa)<br>ThrissurPooram – Thrissur<br>Tiruvatira – important festival for Women<br>Chandanakkudam – Beemapalli (near Thiruvananthapuram)  |
| <b>Major Port</b>                    | Cochin  |
| <b>Calicut International Airport</b> | Calicut   |
| <b>Soils</b>                         | Reaty& Marshy   |
| <b>Mineral Resources</b>             | Heavy Mineral Sands ( Ilmenite, Rutile, Zircon, Monazite, Sillimanite)  |
| <b>Important stadiums</b>            | Jawaharlal Nehru Stadium(both Cricket & Football) – Kochi<br>Trivandrum International Stadium – Sports complex – Trivandrum<br>EMS Stadium- Football(soccer)- Kozhikode<br>Malappuram District Sports Complex & Football Academy Stadium – Malappuram(Kerala)<br>Thrissur Municipal Corporation Stadium – Football – Thrissur<br>International Hockey Stadium – Kollam(Kerala)<br>Chandrasekharan Nair Stadium – Football – Thiruvananthapuram<br>Fort Maidan – Football – Palakkad |
| <b>Major Crops</b>                   | Cash Crops like coconut, rubber, tea, coffee, pepper, cardamom, areca nut, ginger, nutmeg, cinnamon etc. and food crops paddy tapioca etc. gives the agricultural sector of Kerala a distinct flavour. The agro climatic conditions in Kerala suite the cultivation of a variety of seasonal and perennial crops.   |
| <b>RAJASTHAN</b>                     |   |
| <b>Capital</b>                       | Jaipur  |
| <b>Chief Minister</b>                | Vasundra Raje   |
| <b>Governor</b>                      | Kalyan Singh  |
| <b>National Park</b>                 | Darrah National Park<br>Desert National Park<br>Keoladeo National Park<br>Mount Abu Wildlife Sanctuary<br>Ranthambore National Park<br>Sariska National Park  |
| <b>Tiger reserves</b>                | Ranthambore, Sariska, Mukandra Hills  |
| <b>UNESCO World heritage sites</b>   | Keoladeo National Park, JantarMantar Hill Forts   |

|                                |  |
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| <b>Bird Sanctuary</b>          | Bharatpur Bird Sanctuary   |
| <b>Folk Dances</b>             | Khyal, Rasdhari, Rammat, TurraKilangi, Gauri, Nautanki, Ihamtra  |
| <b>Festivals</b>               | Teej Festival, Camel Festival, Desert Festival, Elephant Festival, Marwar Festival, Gangaur – Most special festivals of rajasthan and Significant for rajasthani<br>Kite Festival – celebrated as Makarsakranti by Rajasthanis. Mewar Festival   |
| <b>Population Census 2011</b>  | 68,548,437(increased by 21.31%)  |
| <b>Area(sq census 2011)</b>    | 342,239  |
| <b>Density</b>                 | 200  |
| <b>Sex - Ratio</b>             | 928  |
| <b>Literacy</b>                | 66.11%   |
| <b>Soils</b>                   | Desert soil, Saline and Alkaline   |
| <b>Major Mineral resources</b> | Tungsten, Lead – Zinc, Gypsum, Limestone, Mica, Magnesite  |
| <b>Important lakes</b>         | Sambhar Lake   |
| <b>Important Stadiums</b>      | SawaiMansingh Cricket Stadium – Jaipur<br>Barkatullah Khan Cricket Stadium – Jodhpur   |
| <b>Important Solar Plants</b>  | Rajasthan Solar Project (Rajasthan): 50 MW<br>Dhirubhai Ambani Solar Plant (Rajasthan): 40 MW<br>Note - A 4,000MW Ultra Mega Green Solar Power Project (UMPP) is being built near Sambhar Lake in Rajasthan. Upon Completion, it would be world's largest Solar Power Plant. It is expected to be built in 4 phases, with the first phase likely to be commissioned by the end of 2016 with 1,000 MW capacity. |
| <b>Major Crops</b>             | Rajasthan's economy is primarily agricultural and pastoral. Wheat and barley are cultivated over large areas, as are pulses, sugarcane, and oilseeds. Cotton and tobacco are the state's cash crops. Rajasthan is among the largest producers of edible oils in India and the second largest producer of oilseeds.   |
| <b>MANIPUR</b>                 |  |
| <b>Capital</b>                 | Imphal   |
| <b>Chief minister</b>          | Okram Ibobi Singh  |
| <b>Governor</b>                | V. Shanmuganathan  |
| <b>National Park</b>           | KeibulLamjao National Park<br>Sirohi National Park   |

|                                |  |
|--------------------------------|--|
| <b>Important Lake</b>          | Loktak lake  |
| <b>Classical Dance</b>         | Manipuri   |
| <b>Festivals</b>               | Yaoshang (DolJatra), Lai-Haraoba–Kang (RathJatra) – festival celebrated by Hindus, Kut, HeikruHidongba, NingolChakouba, Chumpha, Cheiraoba, Gang Ngai, KwakYatra (Dussehra) – festival Goddess Durga is appeased.  |
| <b>Population census 2011</b>  | 2,855,794(increased by 24.50 %)  |
| <b>Area(sq km census 2011)</b> | 22,327   |
| <b>Density census 2011</b>     | 128  |
| <b>Sex – Ratio</b>             | 985  |
| <b>Literacy</b>                | 76.94%   |
| <b>Major Mineral Resources</b> | Chromite   |
| <b>Important Stadium</b>       | KhumanLampak Main Stadium – Football – Imphal  |
| <b>Major Crops</b>             | Food and cash crops occupy the main vegetation cover in the valley. Paddy occupies about 86% of the total valley area. Other important crops include sugarcane, potato, tobacco, mustard and pulses. Horticultural trees and plants like pineapple, banana, lemon, pears, peach, etc. constitute other vegetation cover. |
| <b>MEGHALAYA</b>               |  |
| <b>Capital</b>                 | Shillong   |
| <b>Chief Minister</b>          | MukulSangma  |
| <b>Governor</b>                | V. Shanmuganathan  |
| <b>National park</b>           | Balphakram National Park<br>Nokrek National park   |
| <b>Folk dances</b>             | Ka Shad Suk Mynsiem – an annual spring dance, KaPom-BlangNongkrem – Nongkrem dance, part of the religious festival, KaPom-Blang, Nongkrem, Ka-Shad Shyngwiang-Thangiap – a dance that expresses sorrow, Laho Dance – a part of the Behdienkhlam festival   |
| <b>Important festivals</b>     | Behdienkhlam – most important festival celebrated during the monsoon season, Shad Suk Mynsiem – a thanksgiving festival, Wangala – a major festival of garo tribes, KaPomblangNongkrem – one of the most famous festival of Meghalaya, Nongkrem dance is performed   |
| <b>Population census 2011</b>  | 2,966,889(increased by 29.75%)   |
| <b>Area(sq km census 2011)</b> | 22,429   |
| <b>Density</b>                 | 132  |

|                                |  |
|--------------------------------|--|
| <b>Sex – Ratio</b>             | 989  |
| <b>Literacy</b>                | 74.43%   |
| <b>Major mineral resources</b> | Lead – Zinc  |
| <b>Major Crops</b>             | Besides the major food crops of rice and maize, the state is renowned for its horticultural crops like orange, lemon, pineapple, guava, litchi, banana, jack fruits and fruits such as plum, pear and peach.   |
| <b>MIZORAM</b>                 |  |
| <b>Capital</b>                 | Aizawl   |
| <b>Chief Minister</b>          | Lal Thanhawala   |
| <b>Governor</b>                | Lt Gen (Retd) Nirbhay Sharma   |
| <b>National Park</b>           | Murlen National Park<br>Phawngpui Blue Mountain National Park  |
| <b>Tiger Reserves</b>          | Dampa  |
| <b>Folk dances</b>             | Khuallam – Known as ‘Dance of Guests’<br>Cheraw – old dance of Mizos, Sarlamkai/Solakia, Chailam<br>Chawnglaizawn – dance of mizos known as ‘Pawi’, Tlanglam, Zangtalam – popular ‘paihte’ dance   |
| <b>Festivals</b>               | Chapcharkut, MimKut<br>Pawl Kut, ThalfavangKut, Anthurium Festival   |
| <b>Population census 2011</b>  | 1,097,206(increased 23.48%)  |
| <b>Area(sq km census 2011)</b> | 21,081   |
| <b>Density</b>                 | 52   |
| <b>Sex – Ratio</b>             | 976  |
| <b>Literacy</b>                | 91.33%   |
| <b>Important Stadium</b>       | Rajiv Gandhi Stadium Mualpui–Athletics, football. Aizawl, Hawla Indoor Stadium – Basketball – Aizawl   |
| <b>Major Crops</b>             | This indicates the vast scope for horticulture crops to flourish in Mizoram. The main horticulture crops are fruit crops viz. Mandarin Orange, Banana, Passion Fruit, Grapes, Hatkora, Pineapple, Papaya, etc., and flowers like Anthurium, Bird of Paradise, Orchid, Chrysanthemum, Rose and other subsidiary seasonal flowers. |
| <b>NAGALAND</b>                |  |
| <b>Capital</b>                 | Kohima   |
| <b>Chief Minister</b>          | TR Zeliang   |
| <b>Governor</b>                | Padma BalaKrishna Acharya  |
| <b>National Park</b>           | Natangki National park   |
| <b>Folk Dance</b>              | Folk Dance of Zeliang Tribe in Nagaland<br>Folk Dance of Zemis Tribe in Nagaland   |

|                                   |  |
|-----------------------------------|--|
| <b>Festival</b>                   | Moatsu, Tsungrem Mong, Nazu, Sekrenyi, Tuluni, Yemshe, Hornbill<br>Bushu   |
| <b>Population census 2011</b>     | 1,978,502(increased by -0.58 %)  |
| <b>Area(sq km census 2011)</b>    | 16,579   |
| <b>Density</b>                    | 119  |
| <b>Sex – Ratio</b>                | 931  |
| <b>Literacy</b>                   | 79.55%   |
| <b>Major Crops</b>                | The main crops of the state are rice, millet, maize, and pulses. Cash crops, like sugarcane and potato, are also grown in some parts. Plantation crops such as premium coffee, cardamom, and tea are grown in hilly areas in small quantities, but a large growth potential. |
| <b>ODISHA</b>                     |  |
| <b>Capital</b>                    | Bhubaneswar  |
| <b>Chief Minister</b>             | Naveen Patnaik   |
| <b>Governor</b>                   | SC Jamir   |
| <b>National Park</b>              | Bhitarkanika National Park<br>Nandankanan National Park<br>Simlipal National Park  |
| <b>Tiger Reserves</b>             | Simlipal<br>Satkosia   |
| <b>Unesco World Heritage Site</b> | Sun Temple Konark  |
| <b>Bird sanctuary</b>             | Chilka Lake Bird Sanctuary   |
| <b>Dams &amp; Rivers</b>          | Jalaput Dam – Machkund river<br>Balimela Reservoir – Sileruriver<br>Indravati Dam – Indravati river<br>Hirakud Dam – Mahanadi River  |
| <b>Famous research institute</b>  | Central Rice Research Institute  |
| <b>Important lake</b>             | Chilka Lake  |
| <b>Folk dances</b>                | Pala Jtra, Daskathia, MayurbhanjChhau, MangalRas, Sowang.  |
| <b>Classical dance</b>            | Odissi   |
| <b>Festivals</b>                  | RathYatra<br>MakarSakranti<br>Mahastami<br>Kumar Purnima<br>DipavaliAmavasya<br>Sri NrusinghaChatturdashi<br>Sri VinayakChaturthi/ Ganesh Chaturthi<br>KartikaPurnima  |
| <b>Population census 2011</b>     | 41,974,218(increased by 14.05%)  |



|                                     |  |
|-------------------------------------|--|
| <b>Area(sq km census 2011)</b>      | 155,707  |
| <b>Density</b>                      | 270  |
| <b>Sex – Ratio</b>                  | 979  |
| <b>Literacy rate</b>                | 72.87%   |
| <b>Major Port</b>                   | Paradip  |
| <b>Soils</b>                        | Red soil, Laterite soil, Reaty& Marshy,  |
| <b>Major Mineral Resources</b>      | Bauxite Ore(Aluminium)<br>Chromite(Cuttack district)<br>Iron Ore<br>Lead – Zinc<br>Manganese<br>Dolomite<br>Graphite(Odisha is the main producer in the country)   |
| <b>Major Iron &amp; Steel plant</b> | Rourkela Steel plant – Sundargarh district – set up withthe help of westGerman firms(Krupps and Demang) – estd 1959,<br>Daitari Steel plant, Tata Steel Kalinganagar   |
| <b>Important Stadiums</b>           | DRIEMS Ground – Cuttuck,<br>BijuPatnaik Hockey Stadium – Bhubaneswar,<br>Jawaharlal Nehru Indoor Stadium – Cuttuck,<br>East Coast Railway Cricket Stadium – Bhubaneswar  |
| <b>Major Crops</b>                  | The weather of Odisha favours a lot of crops for cultivation, among these crops rice, pulses, oil seeds, jute, roselle, sugarcane, coconut and turmeric are important crops. There are also cash crops like tea, cotton and rubber. The sate contributes one- tenth of the rice production in India. |

**Uttar Pradesh**

|                                    |   |
|------------------------------------|---|
| <b>Capital</b>                     | <b>Lucknow</b>  |
| <b>Chief Minister</b>              | <b>Akhilesh Yadav</b>   |
| <b>Governor</b>                    | <b>Ram Naik</b>   |
| <b>National Park</b>               | <b>Dudhwa National park</b>                                   |
| <b>Tiger Reserves</b>              | <b>Amangarh(buffer of Corbett TR)<br/>Dudhwa<br/>Pilibhit</b> |
| <b>Unesco World Heritage sites</b> | <b>Agra Fort<br/>FatehpurSikri<br/>TajMahal</b>               |
| <b>Famous Research Institute</b>   | <b>Izzatnagar</b>   |

|                                |  |
|--------------------------------|--|
| <b>Dams &amp; Rivers</b>       | Parichha Dam – Betwa River<br>Rihand Dam – Rihand River & Son River<br>GovindBallabh Pant Sagar Dam – Rihand River   |
| <b>Folk Dances</b>             | Bhagat, Sang – Swang, Naqqual  |
| <b>Classical Dances</b>        | Kathak   |
| <b>Festivals</b>               | TajMahotsava<br>Ganga Mahotsav<br>Ram Barat<br>Kailash Fair<br>Barabanki Fair<br>Ahoy Ashtami<br>ShitlaAshtami   |
| <b>Population Census 2011</b>  | 199,812,341(increased by 20.23%)   |
| <b>Area(sq km census 2011)</b> | 240,928  |
| <b>Density</b>                 | 829  |
| <b>Sex – Ratio</b>             | 912  |
| <b>Literacy</b>                | 67.68%   |
| <b>Important Stadiums</b>      | Noida Sports Stadium – Sports Complex – Noida, Eklavya Sports Stadium – Cricket – Agra, Sports Stadium – Cricket – Meerut, Dr.Sampurnanda Stadium – Cricket,Hockey, Football – Varanasi, Dhyan Chand Astro turf Stadium – Hockey – Lucknow, Dr. Akhilesh Das Stadium – Cricket – Lucknow, K. D. Singh Babu Stadium – Cricket – Lucknow, Faizabad Sports Complex – Sports Complex , Green Park Stadium – Knapur, Lucknow International Cricket Stadium, Buddh International Circuit – Auto Racing – Noida |
| <b>Soils</b>                   | Alluvial soil<br>Saline & Alkaline   |
| <b>Major Mineral Resources</b> | Lead – Zinc<br>Dolomite  |
| <b>Major Crops</b>             | Wheat, rice, pulses, oil seeds and potatoes are the major agricultural products. Sugarcane is the most important cash crop throughout the state  |

| <b>Uttarakhand</b>                 |   |
|------------------------------------|---|
| <b>Capital</b>                     | Dehradun  |
| <b>Chief Minister</b>              | Harish Rawat  |
| <b>Governor</b>                    | Krishan Kant Paul   |
| <b>National Park</b>               | Jim Corbett National Park, Gangotri National Park, Govind Pashu Vihar, Nanda Devi National Park, Rajaji National Park<br>Valleys Of Flowers National Park   |
| <b>Tiger Reserves</b>              | Corbett, Rajaji Tiger Reserves  |
| <b>Unesco World Heritage Sites</b> | Nanda Devi and Valleys of flowers National Park   |
| <b>Famous Research Institutes</b>  | Central forest research Institute – Dehradun<br>Indian Institute of Petroleum – Dehradun  |
| <b>Highest lake in India</b>       | Devatal Lake – Gadhwal  |
| <b>Dams &amp; Rivers</b>           | Tehri dam – Bhagirathi River<br>Dhaulti Ganga Dam – Ganga river   |
| <b>Folk dances</b>                 | BaradaNati, Bhotiya Dance, Chancheri, Chhapeli, Choliya Dance, Jagars Jhora, LangvirNritya, PandavNritya Ramola, Shotiya Tribal Folk Dance Thali-Jadda, Jhainta   |
| <b>Festivals</b>                   | Phool Dei, Kandali, Khatarua, Nanda Devi Janopunya, KumaonHoli  |
| <b>Population census 2011</b>      | 10,086,292(increased by 18.81 %)  |
| <b>Area(sq km census 2011)</b>     | 53,483  |
| <b>Density</b>                     | 189   |
| <b>Sex – Ratio</b>                 | 963   |
| <b>Literacy</b>                    | 78.82%  |
| <b>Important Stadium</b>           | BHEL Stadium – Cricket – Ranipur<br>Rajiv Gandhi International Cricket Stadium - Dehradun   |
| <b>Major mineral resources</b>     | Magnesite   |
| <b>Major Crops</b>                 | A lady winnowing rice, an important food crop in Uttarakhand. Like most of India, agriculture is one of the most significant sectors of the economy of Uttarakhand. Basmati rice, wheat, soybeans, groundnuts, coarse cereals, pulses, and oil seeds are the most widely grown crops. |

| <b>West Bengal</b>                          |   |
|---|---|
| <b>Capital</b>                              | Kolkata   |
| <b>Chief Ministers</b>                      | Mamata Banerjee   |
| <b>Governor</b>                             | KeshriNathTripathi  |
| <b>National Park</b>                        | Gorumara National Park<br>Neora Valley National Park<br>Singalila National Park<br>Sundarbans National Park   |
| <b>Tiger Reserves</b>                       | Buxa Tiger Reserve<br>Sundarbanstiger Reserve   |
| <b>Unesco World heritage sites</b>          | Sundarbans National Park<br>Mountain Railways – Darjeeling  |
| <b>Famous Research institutes</b>           | Central Jute technological institutes – Kolkata<br>Archeological survey Of India – Kolkata<br>School of Tropical Medicine – Kolkata<br>All India Institute of hygienic & Public Health – Kolakata,<br>Central Glass and ceramic research institute – Kolkata      |
| <b>Nuclear &amp; Space research Centres</b> | Saha Institute of Nuclear Physics – Kolkata   |
| <b>Largest Zoo in India</b>                 | Kolkata Zoological garden   |
| <b>Largest Delta</b>                        | Sundarbans  |
| <b>Biggest Stadium in India</b>             | Yuva Bharti Stadium – Kolkata   |
| <b>Dams &amp; Rivers</b>                    | Damodar Valley Corporation – Damodar River, Farakka Barrage – Ganges River<br>Durgapur Barrage – Damodar River  |
| <b>Folk Dances</b>                          | Chhau (Purulia), Ganthali   |
| <b>Classical</b>                            | Gaudiya Nritya is a classical dances of west bengal   |
| <b>Festivals</b>                            | Kalpataru Utsab - January 1 of every year is celebrated as Kalpataru Day at Dakshineswarand kossiporeuddyanbati.<br>Bengali language Day – 21 <sup>st</sup> February<br>Bengali New Year, BhaiPhonta, Christmas<br>Kali Puja/Lakshmi Puja, Dolyatra<br>Durga Puja |
| <b>Population Census 2011</b>               | 91,276,115(increased by 13.84%)   |
| <b>Area(sq km census 2011)</b>              | 88,752  |

|                                |  |
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| <b>Density</b>                 | 1028   |
| <b>Sex – Ratio</b>             | 950  |
| <b>Literacy</b>                | 76.26%   |
| <b>Important Stadiums</b>      | Barasat Stadium – football(soccer) –Barasat<br>Kolkata Race Course – Horse racing – Kolkata, Royal Calcutta Turf Club – Horse racing – Kolkata, Netaji Indoor Stadium –Indoor sports – Kolkata, Jadavpur Stadium – football(soccer)- Kolkata<br>Mohammedan Sporting Ground –football(soccer) – Kolkata, Rabindra Sarobar Stadium – football(soccer) – Kolkata, East Bengal Ground – football(soccer) – Kolkata, Kanchenjunga Stadium – football(soccer) – Siliguri, Salt Lake Stadium – football(soccer) – Kolkata, Eden gardens – Cricket – Kolkata |
| <b>International Airport</b>   | Netaj iSubash chnadra Bose International Airport   |
| <b>Soils</b>                   | Laterite soil, Reaty&amp; Marshy   |
| <b>Major Mineral resources</b> | Lead – Zinc, Dolomite  |
| <b>Major crops</b>             | West Bengal is the largest producer of rice in India with an annual output of around 15 million tonnes, and the second largest producer of potatoes in India with an average annual output of 8.9 million tonnes. Rice, potato, jute, sugarcane and wheat are the top five crops of the state.   |
| <b>Jammu and Kashmir</b>       |  |
| <b>Capital</b>                 | Srinagar(summer)<br>jammu(winter)  |
| <b>Chief Minister</b>          | Mehbooba Mufti   |
| <b>Governor</b>                | NN Vohra   |
| <b>National Park</b>           | Daichigam National park<br>Hemis National Park<br>Kishtwar National Park<br>Salim National Park  |
| <b>Dams &amp; Rivers</b>       | Salal Project – Chenab River<br>Baglihar Dam – Chenab River<br>Chutak Hydroelctric Project – Suru River<br>Dumkhar Hydroelectric Dam – Indus River<br>Uri Hydroelectric Dam – Jhelum River   |
| <b>Important Lakes</b>         | Pangong Lake<br>Tsomarari Lake<br>Wular and Dal Lakes  |
| <b>Folk dances</b>             | BhandPathar or Bhandlashna,<br>VetaDhamali   |
| <b>Festivals</b>               | Lohri<br>Holi  |

|                                   |   |
|-----------------------------------|---|
|                                   | Baisakhi<br>Guru RaviDas's birthday<br>Tihar & Samkrant   |
| <b>Population (census 2011)</b>   | 12,541,302(increased by 23.64%)   |
| <b>Area(in sq km)</b>             | 222,236   |
| <b>Density</b>                    | 56  |
| <b>Sex – Ratio</b>                | 889   |
| <b>Literacy</b>                   | 67.16%  |
| <b>Soils</b>                      | Mountain soils in hills of J&K  |
| <b>Major Mineral Resources</b>    | Gypsum  |
| <b>Major crops</b>                | Wheat, maize and rice crops grown in about 250,000 hectares 210,000 hectares and 110,000 hectares area respectively are the major cereal crops of Jammu division. Basmati rice and rajmash (pulses) are valuable cash crops of the region   |
| <b>Andaman and Nicobar island</b> |   |
| <b>Capital</b>                    | <b>Port Blair</b>   |
| <b>Chief Minister</b>             | <b>Central Government</b>   |
| <b>Governor</b>                   | <b>Ret Lt General AK Singh(Lieutenant Governor)</b>   |
| <b>National Park</b>              | <b>Campbell Bay National Park<br/>Galathea National Park<br/>Mahatma Gandhi National Park<br/>Middle Button Island National park<br/>Mount Harriet National Park<br/>North Button Island National Park<br/>Rani Jhansi Marine National Park<br/>Saddle Peak National Park<br/>South Button Island National Park</b> |
| <b>State Animal</b>               | <b>Dugong(also known as sea cow)</b>  |
| <b>Folk dances</b>                | <b>Nikobari Dance(performs in Pig festival)</b>   |
| <b>Festivals</b>                  | <b>Pig festival</b>   |
| <b>Population census 2011</b>     | <b>380,581(increased by 6.86%)</b>  |
| <b>Area (sq km census 2011)</b>   | <b>8,249</b>  |
| <b>Density</b>                    | <b>46</b>   |
| <b>Sex – Ratio</b>                | <b>876</b>  |
| <b>Literacy</b>                   | <b>86.63</b>  |
| <b>Major port</b>                 | <b>Port Blair</b>   |
| <b>Soils</b>                      | <b>acid sulphate soils formed in these places have been taxonomically classified as halic sulphaquents, sulfic</b>  |

|             |  |
|-------------|--|
|             | halaquepts and halicsulfaquepts.   |
| Major crops | Paddy, the main food crop, is mostly cultivated in Andaman group of islands, whereas coconut and arecanut are the cash crops of Nicobar group of islands. Field crops, namely pulses, oilseeds and vegetables are grown, followed by paddy during Rabi season. |

**Lakshadweep**

|                         |                                  |
|-------------------------|----------------------------------|
| Capital                 | Kavaratti                        |
| Chief Minister          | Central Government               |
| Lt Governor             | H Rajendra Prasad(Administrator) |
| Population census 2011  | 64,473(increased by 6.30%)       |
| Area(sq km census 2011) | 30                               |
| Density                 | 2,149                            |
| Sex – Ratio             | 946                              |
| Literacy rate           | 91.85%                           |

**Puducherry**

|                         |   |
|-------------------------|---|
| Capital                 | Pondicherry   |
| Chief Minister          | V. Narayanasamy   |
| Governor                | Kiran Bedi  |
| Festivals               | Pongal<br>Viliianur temple festival<br>Masi Magam festival<br>Aadi Amavasi festival<br>Bastille Day<br>Good Friday<br>Shiva Ratri<br>Holi Festival<br>Shiva Ratri |
| Population(census 2011) | 1,247,953(increase by 28.08%)   |
| Area(sq km census 2011) | 490   |
| Density                 | 2,547   |
| Sex – Ratio             | 1037  |
| Literacy                | 85.85%  |